Investigation of Electrocapillary Phenomena in SOV/76-33-7-16/40 Bismuth - Cadalum Alloys and of the Surface Tension of These Alloys in Vacuum

glass vessel (Fig 2) was used for and a method earlier described was applied to a determination of the density of the alloy under discussion. M. Yagofareva assisted in the last-mentioned measurements. The (EP), surface tension (ST), and density (D) were investigated at 450°C. Results (Table for (EP), Tables 2, 3 on (ST) and (D) led to the following conclusions: Indreasing Bi consentration in the (A) reduces the (ST) at the boundary between the (A) and the electropts as well as in vacuum. The (ST) is most strongly meduced at low Bi concentrations, at which also the potential maximum of the electrocapillary lines (EI) is strongly shifted in the apposite direction. Calculations of the adsorption  $\Gamma_{\rm B,i}$  at the boundary between (A) and electiolyte at the potential maximum (PM) of the (EL) indicated that there exists a linear dependence between the shift of the (PM) of the (EL) and the surface concentration  $\frac{\epsilon}{Bi}$  . The authors then explain measurement results on the (ST) in vacuum in connection with modern theories of the (ST) of binary systems, and calculate the (ST) isothermal lines by an equation given in reference 5. The essential difference between the experimentally

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Investigation of Electrocapillary Phenomena in SCY/76-33-7-16/40 Bismuth - Cadmium Alloys and of the Surface Tension of These Alloys in Vacuum

chtained and calculated (ST) values (Table 3) is explained by interatomic reactions; the authors further give an explanation of the difference between the individual interatomic distances in the surface layer and inside the (A). The similarity between the isothermal lines of the (A) surface tension in vacuum and at the boundary between the (A) and the electrolyte indicates equal composition of the (A) surface layers in both cases. There are 6 figures, 3 tables, and 19 references, 17 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Ural'skiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. A. M. Gor'kogo

Sverdlovsk (Ural State University imeni A. M. Gorikiy, Sverdlovsk)

SUBMITTED, January 2, 1958

Cari 3/3

#### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

#### CIA-RDP86-00513R000411720012-3

L 23917-66 EWT(1)/T JK SOURCE CODE: UR/0217/65/010/005/0826/0831 AP6014945 ACC NRI AUTHOR: D'yakonova, T. L.; Veprintsev, B. N.; Chapas, A. F.; Brodskiy, V. Ya. ORG: Institute of Biological Physics, AN SSSR. Moscow (Institut biologicheskoy fiziki AN SSSR) TITIE: Induction of RNAP synthesis in a nerve cell with electrical activity SOURCE: Biofizika, v. 10, no. 5, 1965, 826-831 TOPIC TAGS: RNA, biosynthesis, electrophysiology ABSTRACT: RNA synthesis was induced with electrical activity in earthworn nerve cells in order to attempt to explain the character of the connection between RNA synthesis in the cell and the generation of its effect potential. RNA synthesis was induced both in the whole animal and in the abdominal network isolated in weak Ringer's solution. RNA synthesis appears to depend on the number of nerve impulses generated by the cell rather than on the speed of the chemical reactions taking place, since RNA synthesis with electrical activity is affected little by a change in temperature (from +19 to +4°C). Orig. art. has: 3 figures and 4 tables. [JPRS] SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: 19Jun64 / ORIG REF: 010 / OTH REF: 008 577.37

GORDON, Yu.N.; D'YAKOVA, T.V.; PLUZHNIK, A.P.

The polyclinic section is the basis of the consolidated hospital.

Sov.zdrav. 18 no.12:3-6 '59. (MIRA 13:4)

1. Iz klinicheskoy bol'nitsy No.1 TSentral'nogo rayona Odessy. (HOSPITALS)

D'YAKOVA, T.V.; PETROV, Al.A.; POLAK, L.S.; CHERNYAK, N.Ya.

Mass spectra of isomeric tetradecanes. Neftekhimiia 3 no.2: 169-172 Mr-4p '63. (MIRA 16:5)

1. Institut neftekhimicheskogo sinteza AN SSSR imeni A.V.Topchiyeva. (Tetradecane--Spectra)

UR/0016/66/000/007/0141/0142 ACC NR: AP6024450 : . SOURCE CODE: AUTHOR: D'yakova, T. V.; Dolotova, M. P. ORG: Tula Regional Sanitation and Epidemiological Station (Tul'skaya oblastnaya sanitarno-epidemiologicheskaya stantsiya) TITLE: Serological diagnostics of leptospirosis in the Tula oblast SOURCE: Zhurnal mikrobiologii, epidemiologii, i immunobiologii, no. 7, 1966, 141-142 TOPIC TAGS: leptospirosis, animal disease, veterinary medicine, diagnostic medicine ABSTRACT: Investigations in the Tula oblast during 1947-1964 showed that leptospirosis grippotyphosa infection (marsh fever) is produced principally by L. pomona and L. tarassovi. Outbreaks occurred in populous, areas along the Upa and Oki rivers in July and August. Seasonality was absent in cases where contact with sick animals or leptospirosis vectors . (cattle, pigs) was a factor. The agglutination reaction using lysed Leptospira cultures from the Moscow Vaccine and Sera Institute was tested with the following strains: L. weil, L. ratten, L. grippotyphosa, L. canicola, L. akiyami-B, L. UDC: 616.986.7-036.2(470.312)

ACC NR: AP6024450

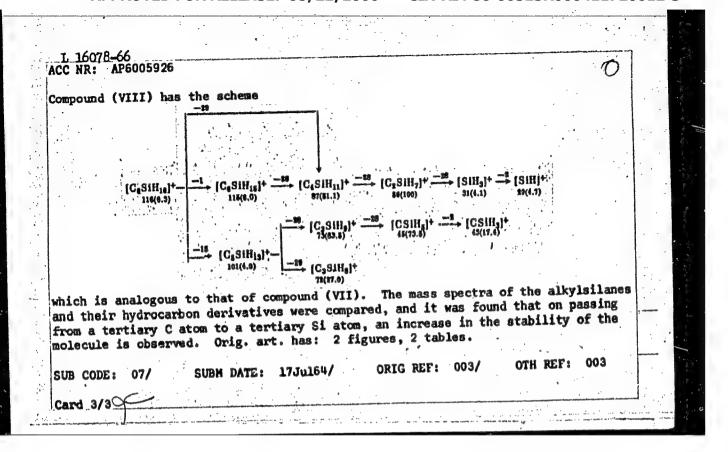
hebdomadie, Leningrad, Kazan', Monyakov, and Perepeletein in 1947-1961, and the above strains plus L. ioterohaemorrhagiae, L. pomona, L. batavia, L. sorex, and L. tarassovi in 1962-1964. Serological examination of 1252 subjects showed positive reactions in 297 (23.7%) cases: positive reactions were more frequent in 1950 (42.9%), 1952 (37%), 1959 (59%), and 1963 (26%); no positive reactions were recorded in 1949, 1956, 1960, and 1962, and positive results not exceeding 10% were noted in the remaining years when few samples were tested. More positive results were obtained for the months when the greatest number of tests were made---July (30%), August (33.2%), and September (38.7%). Positive reactions occurred in 94.6% of the cases with L. pomona, in 42 with L. tarassovi, once with L. canicola, L. batavia, and L. hebdomadis, and twice with L. icterohaemorrhagias. Titers for these reactions were low (1:100 and 1:200), except in some cases with L. pomona and L. tarassovi where they reached 1:800 and higher. No Leptospira were isolated in 122 hemocultures or 15 urine cultures and bacterial results from 5 water sample cultures were negative. Positive agglutination reactions and high titers with L. pomona and L. tarassovi were noted repeatedly during the first years of serological investigation in cattle and pigs. Laboratory data revealed two cases of

Card 9/3

the oblast after 1953. [WA-50; CBE No. 11] SUB CODE: 06/ SUBM DATE: 10Sep65/	1	
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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R0004	CIA-RDP86-00513R000411720012-3			
L 16078-66 EWT(m)/EWP(1) RM SOURCE CODE: UR/0079/66/036/001/0089/009	96			
AUTHRO: Chernyak, N. Ya.; Khmel'nitskiy, R. A.; D'yakova, T. V.; Vdovin, V. M.  ORG: Institute of Petrochemical Synthesis, Academy of Sciences SSSR (Institut neftekhimicheskogo sinteza Akademii nauk SSSR)	8			
TITLE: Mass spectra study of <u>alkylsilanes</u> SOURCE: Zhurnal obshchey khimii, v. 36, no. 1, 1966, 89-96	3			
TOPIC TAGS: organosilicon compound, mass spectrum, silane, ionization  ABSTRACT: Correlations were established between the mass spectra and structure trimethylethylsilane (I), trimethylpropylsilane (II), trimethylpropylsilane (V), tetraethylsilane (VI dimethylpropylsilane (V), tetraethylsilane (VI methylethylpropylsilane (VII), and methyldiethylsilane (VIII). The corresponding to the second organization of the second organization organization organization.	), ng			
methylethylpropylsization are given. For compound (I), the sprobable schemes of dissociative ionization are given. For compound (I), the sprobable schemes of dissociative ionization are given. For compound (I), the sprobable schemes of dissociative ionization are given. For compound (I), the sprobable schemes of dissociative ionization are given. For compound (I), the sprobable schemes of dissociative ionization are given. For compound (I), the sprobable schemes of dissociative ionization are given. For compound (I), the sprobable schemes of dissociative ionization are given. For compound (I), the sprobable schemes of dissociative ionization are given. For compound (I), the sprobable schemes of dissociative ionization are given. For compound (I), the sprobable schemes of dissociative ionization are given. For compound (I), the sprobable schemes of dissociative ionization are given. For compound (I), the sprobable schemes of dissociative ionization are given. For compound (I), the sprobable schemes of dissociative ionization are given. For compound (I), the sprobable schemes of dissociative ionization are given. For compound (I), the sprobable schemes of dissociative ionization are given. For compound (I), the sprobable schemes of dissociative ionization are given. For compound (I), the sprobable schemes of dissociative ionization are given. For compound (I), the sprobable schemes of dissociative ionization are given. For compound (I), the sprobable schemes of dissociative ionization are given as a sprobable scheme ionization are given as a sproba				
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gment ion peak in a n, and the	, the figure t of maximum e solid arrow of a metastab	in parenthes value, the be indicates a le transition	esignates the les designates broken-line at transformation). For company to the less than the less t	rrow indicate	es a probable cagment ion d	transi- emonstra-	1
similar.	For compound	(IV), the	Cueme 18		4.		
	-15	1C CH 1+ -2	8 . (0 0)11 14	28 / ICSH-H	-1 ICSIH-I+		
		oformitt.	[Claine].	- Lange	20/42 45	4.4	
10	SiH18]+-	101(10.0)	75(8.3)	45(18.0)	44(11.4)		
10	116(6.1)	101(10.0) + [C4SIH <sub>11</sub> ]+	73(8.8)  28 + [C <sub>3</sub> SiH <sub>7</sub> ]+ -	45(13.0) -28   SiH <sub>3</sub>  +	45(11.0) -3 (51H]+ 25(3.0)		
10	0.SIH18]+ 116(8.1) -29	101(10.8)	28 + [C <sub>3</sub> SiH <sub>0</sub> ]+	45(13.0) -28 + [SiH <sub>3</sub> ]+	45(11.4) -3 -(5.1H]+ 25(3.5)		
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i the diss	ociative ion	ization of c	ompound (V) i	s similar.	For compound		
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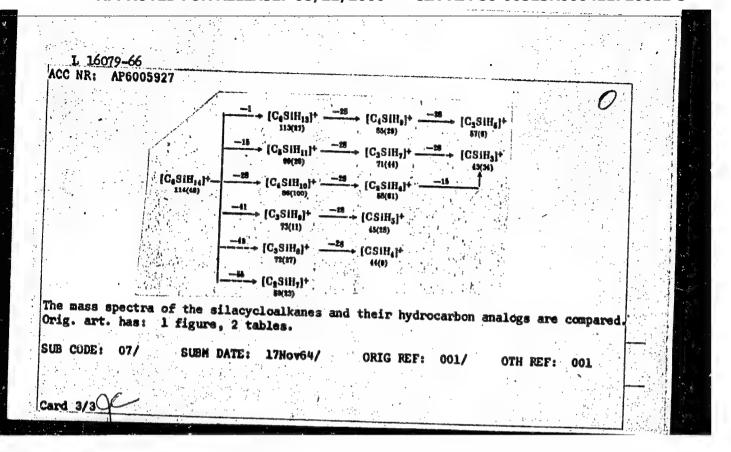
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16079-66 EWT(m)/EWP(j) RM SOURCE CODE: UR/0079/66/036/001/0096/0101	
CC NK: VEGOG235:	
UTHOR: Chernyak, N. Ya.; Khmel'nitskiy, R. A.; D'yakova, T. V.; Vdovin, V. H.;	
UTHOR: Chernyak, N. 18.; Kimel Intenty	/.
rkhipova, T. N.	0
RG: Institute of Petrochemical Synthesis, Academy of Sciences SSSR (Institut	2
eftekhimicheskogo sinteza Akademii nauk SSSR)	) '
TILE: Hass spectra study of silacycloalkanes	
OURCE: Zhurnal obshchey khimii, v. 36, no. 1, 1966, 96-101	
OURCE: Zhurnai obsiditey killari, to any	
TOPIC TAGS: mass spectrum, organosilicon compound, hydrocarbon, ionization	
OFIC INSC.	- 4
ABSTRACT: Mass spectra of 1,1-dimethyl-1-silacyclobutane (II), 1,1-dimethylsilacy	е
clopentane (II), 1,1-dimethyl-1-sizady (complations were establi	sh-
(IV); and 1-methyl-1-silacyclohexane (V) were studied. Control of rings. Pro-	· ····································
ed between the mass spectra and the structure of the silicon current of the silicon care given. For combable dissociative ionization schemes of the silacycloalkanes are given.	-
pound (I), the scheme is as follows:	,
Juliu (A/) and actions as a	_
UDC: 543,51 : 547.515	
Card 1/3	

## L 16079-66

ACC NR: AP6005927 .

(where solid arrows denote transitions demonstrated by means of a study of "metastable" ions; broken-line arrows indicate proposed transitions; figures above the arrows denote the mass of the detached fragment; figures below the formulas show the mass of the fragment ion; and figures in parentheses denote the intensity of the peak of the given ion in percent of maximum intensity taken as 100%. The dissociative ionization schemes of compounds (II) and (III) are analogous to the above. The paths of formation of ions in the spectra of (I) and (V) are also similar, but the presence of a hydrogen atom linked to the Si atom complicates the picture. The following scheme is proposed:

Card 2/3



# NEKHAYEVA, A.A., D'YAKOVA, V.A.

The "Liman" automatic telegraph station with code commutation in the Novosibirsk telegraph exchange. Vest. sviazi 24 no.10: 15-17 0 '64. (MIRA 17:12)

1. Glavnyy inzh. Novosibirskogo telegrafa (for Nekhayeva). 2. Starshiy inzh. normativno-issledovatel'skoy gruppy pri Novosibirskom oblastnom upravlenii svyazi (for D'yakova).

SHLYAKHOV, E.N.; ZHITOMIRSKIY, V.K.[deceased]; TARKOV, M.I.; SUSIQ,
N.Ya; D'YAKOVA, V.S.

Active diagnosis of dysentery. Zhur.mikrobiol.epid. i immun.
no.8:103-104 Ag '55. (MLRA 8:11)
(DYSENTERY--DIAGNOSIS)

DYAKEVA, V.S.

USSR/Microbiology - Medical and Veterinary Microbiology

F-4

Abs Jour

: Referat Zhurn - Biol., No 16, 25 Aug 1957, 68620

Author

: Shlyakhov, E.N., Zhitomirskiy, V.K., Tarkov, M.I.,

Suslova, N.Ya., Dyakova, V.5.

Title

: The Active Exposure of Dysentery Bacteria Excretors in

some Ordinarily Uninvestigated Population Groups.

Orig Pub

: Sb. tr. Mold. n.-i. in-t Epidemiol., mikrobiol. i

gigieni, 1956, No 1, 91-98

Abstract

: The relative frequency of dysentery bacteria-carriers was investigated in several ordinarily uninvestigated groups of the population, for instance, pregnant women, confined ones, patients in surgical and therapeutic departments, patients with diseases of the digestive organs, also different ordinary diseases, and finally patients with infectious hepatitis. The huge majority of excretors are persons of 18-42 (85%). The main mass of people investigated (63.5%) were

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USSR/Microbiology - Medical and Veterinary Microbiology

F-4

Abs Jour

: Referat Zhurn - Biol., No 16, 25 Aug 1957, 68620

confined women. Most bacteria excretors belong to this group. The frequency of detection of dysentery bacteria excretion in pregnant women is 3.7%, in women in confinement, 9.94%. The excretion of dysentery bacilli among pregnant and confined women investigated was observed 4-5 times oftener than among normal ones. In bacteriological investigation of surgical and therapeutic patients predominately with diseases of digestive organs, patients with infectious hepatitis also manifested a large number of excretors of dysentery bacilli. The frequency of detection of carriers was least in May and sharply increased in September. The majority of isolated types belongs to the type of Flexner bacteria (89.1%), 9.2% to Newcastle and 1.7% to Sonne. The authors consider that for the purpose of exposure of dysentery bacteria carriers, a triple inspection in infectious disease departments of hospitals should be made for dysentery

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USSR/Microbiology - Medical and Veterinary Microbiology

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Abs Jour : Referat Zhurn - Biol., No 16, 25 Aug 1957, 68620

bacteria in all patients with diseases of the digestive tract and also in patients with infectious hepatitis.

Card 3/3

- 67 -

SHROYT, I.G.; D'YAKOYA, V.S.

Material on the influenza epidemic in Moldavia in 1959. Vop. virus. 5 no. 6:752-753 N-D '60. (MIRA 14:4) (MOLDAVIA—INFLUENZA)

VIZITIU, A.F.; D'YAKOVA, V.S.

Inhoratory diagnosis of Botkin's disease. Trudy Kish.gos.med.inst. 11:43-50 \*60. (MIRA 16:2)

1. Kafedra mikrobiologii Kishinevskogo gosudarstvennogo meditsinskogo instituta i sektor epidemiologii Moldavskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta epidemiologii, mikrobiologii i gigiyeny. (HKPATITIS, INFECTIOUS)

D'YAKOVA, Ye. D.

Apr 53

USSR/Medicine - Dysentery

"The Significance of the hapten reaction of Hiss-Flexner's dysentery microbes in the epidemiological and clinical practice of the Departments of Intestinal Infections," Ye. D. D'yakova, R. M. Dul'kina, "oscow City Inst. of "pidemiol and Bacteriol.

Zhur Mikro, Epidem, i Immun, No 4, pp 51-54

The specificity of the positive hapten reaction for Hiss-Flexner dysentery was confirmed in 95.8% of cases by anamnestic, rectoromanscopic, and epidemiological data. A positive hapten reaction is of particular importance when there are no apparent symptoms of the disease or examination by other means is diffucult, e.g., early and late stages of the disease, chronic dysentery, and dysentery of children. Fatients who show a positive hapten reaction may spread the infection. This reaction should be widely applied.

252T24

D'YAKOYA, Ye. I., Cand Med Sci -- (diss) "Epidemiology of dysentery of children during first month of life." Mos, 1958. 13 pp (1st Mos Order of Lenin Med Inst im I. M. Sechenov), 200 copies (KL, 17-58, 112)

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BRATIN, Vsevolod Sergeyevich, inzh.; TORGONSKIY, Mikhail Nikolayevich, dotsent, kand.tekhn.nsuk; PIGULEVSKIY, S.V., retsenzent; D'YAKOVA, Ye.I., retsenzent; ZEYEST, M.B., red.; GORYUNOVA, L.K., red.izd-va; KUZNETSOVA, A.I., tekhn.red.

[Construction of logging roads and artificial structures]
Stroitel'stvo lesovoznykh dorog i iskusstvennykh scoruzhenii.
Moskva, Goslesbumizdat, 1960. 330 p.

(MIRA 14:4)

(Forest roads)

EPSHTEYN-LITVAK, R.V.; DMITRIYEVA-RAVIKOVICH, Ye.M.; D'YAKOVA, Ye.I.; KAMENSKAYA, I.N.; FIL'SHANSKAYA, F.L.

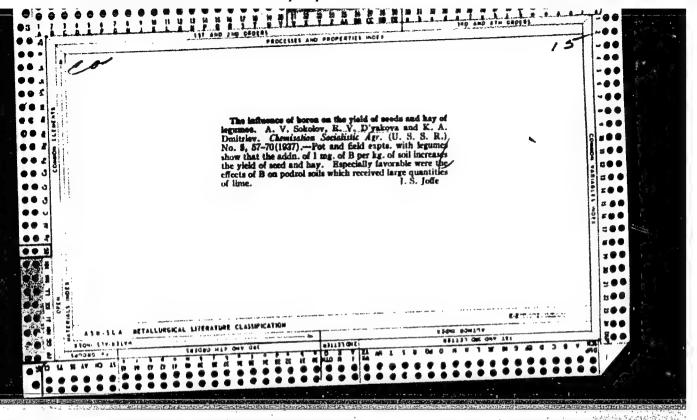
Ways for improving dysenterial vaccines and calculating their effectiveness. Zhur. mikrobiol., epid. i immun. 33 no.1:22-28 Ja 162. (MIRA 15:3)

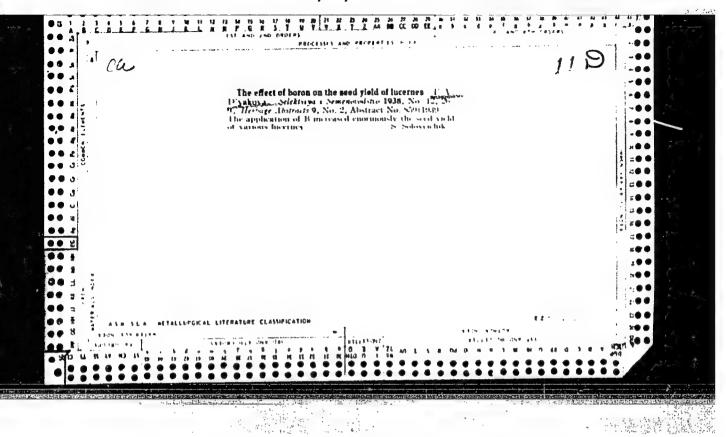
l. Iz Moskovskogo instituta epidemiologii i mikrobiologii.
(DYSENTERY) (VACCINES)

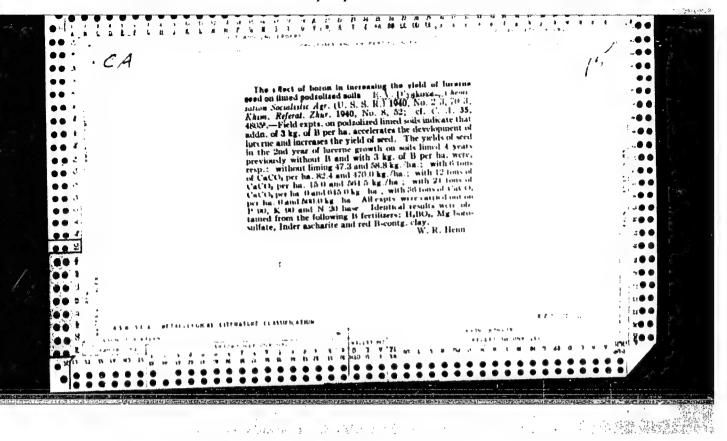
EPSHTEYN-LITVAK, R.V.; DMITRIYEVA-RAVIKOVICH, Ye.M.; D'YAKOVA, Ye.I.; KAMENSKAYA, I.N.; VIL'SHANSKAYA, F.L.; KAMZOLKIHA, N.B.

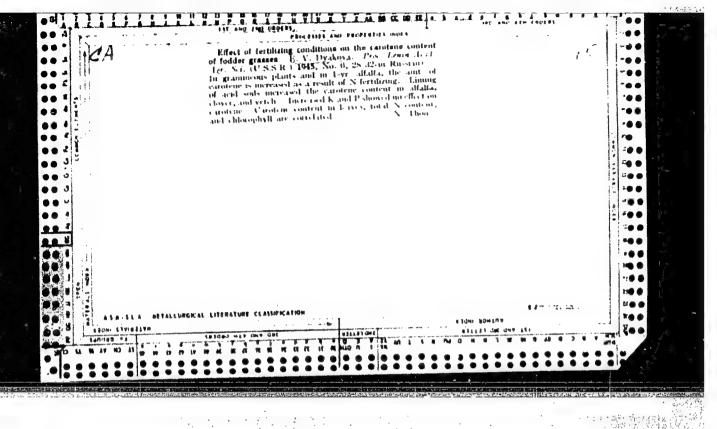
Theoretical bases of dysenterial immunity. Zhur. mikrobiol. epid. i immun. 32 no.6:18-25 Je '61. (MIRA 15:5)

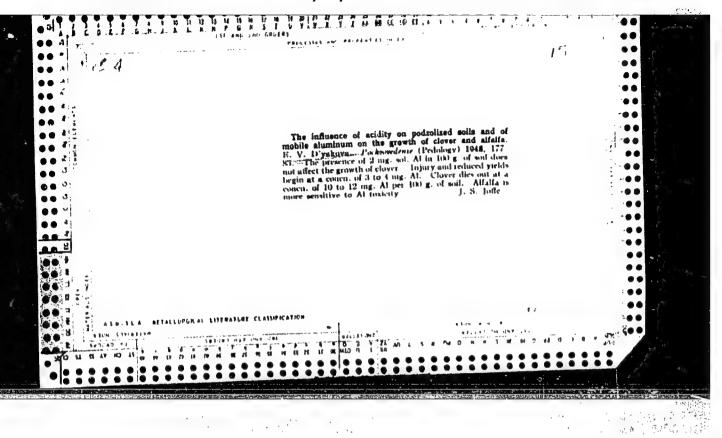
1. Iz Moskovskogo instituta epidemiologii, mikrobiologii i gigiyony. (DYSENTERY) (IMMUNITY)







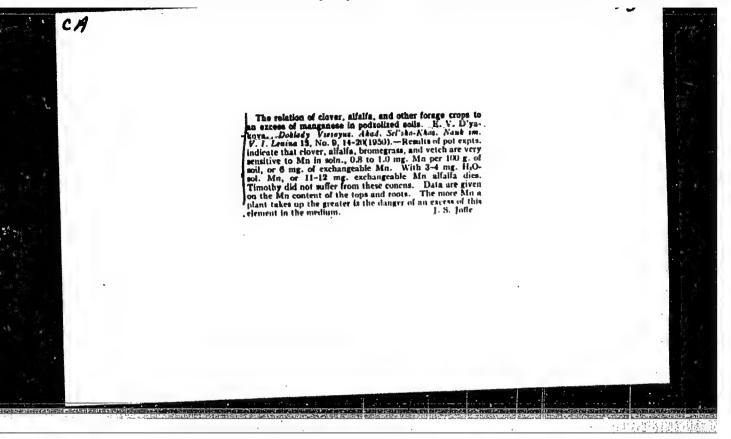




D'YAKOVA, E.V.

25069 DYAKOVA, E.V. Vliyaniye Kharaktera Kislotmosti Podzolistykh Pochv I Soderzhaniya V Nikh Podvizhnogo Alyuniniya Na Razvitiye Klevera, Lyutserny I. Dr. Kormovykh Trav. V Sb: Voprosy Kormodobyvaniya. Vyp. 2. M., 1949, S. 99-100

SO: Letopis', No.33, 1949



- 1. D'YAKOVA, Yo. V., KHLEBNIKOVA, N. A.
- 2. USSR (600)
- 4. Clover
- 7. Effect of topography on development of resistance of red clover under conditions of tu f-podsols. Dokl. Ak. sel'khoz. 17, no. 10, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, February 1953, Unclassified.

D'Yakova-Selivanova, V. D., Cand. Med. Sci., — (diss) "Action of thiamine on the conditionless and conditional vascular reactions in rheumatic patients," Saratov, 1961, 17 pp (Saratov. State Medical Anstitute), 150 copies (KI-Supp 9-61, 190)

D'YAKOYICH, S.V. (poselok Chistoczernyy Novosibirskoy oblasti).

Experience in organizing a chemical laboratory in a rural school. Thim. v shkole. no.2:38-44 Mr-Ap !58. (MIRA 11:3) (Chemical laboratories)

D'YAKOVICH, S., zasluzhennyy uchitel' shkoly RSFSR

Courses for chemistry teachers in rural schools. Khim. v shkole 14
no.1:95-96 Ja-F '59.

(Chemistry-Study and teaching)

D'YAKOVICH, S.V., zasluzhennyy uchitel' shkoly RSFSR (pos.Chistoczernyy Novosibirskoy oblasti)

School exhibition of the macromolecular synthetic compounds.

Khim. v shkole 15 no.3:47-50 My-Je 160. (MIRA 14:7)

(Macromolecular compounds)

D'YAKOVICH, S.V., zasluzhennyy uchitel' shkoly RSFSR

Aesthetic training during the teaching of chemistry. Khim. v shkole 17 no.3:36-44 My-Je '62. (MIRA 15:6)

1. Chistoozernaya spednyaya shkola Novosibirskoy oblasti.
(Chemistry-Study and teaching)

D'YAKOVICH, S.V., zasluzhennyy uchitel' shkoly RSFSR (pos. Chistozernyy, Novosibirskaya oblast')

Studying colorimetry in chemistry lessons in rural secondary schools. Khim. v shkole 18 no.4:59-63 Jl-Ag '63. (MIRA 17:1)

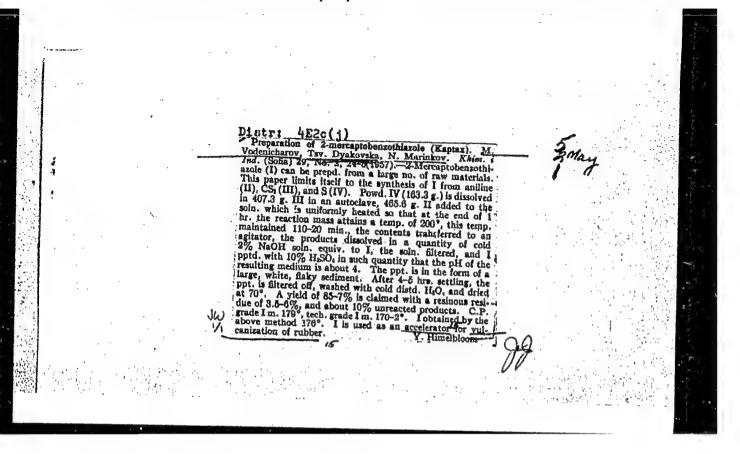
D'YAKOVICH, S.V., zasluzhennyy uchitel' shkoly RSFSR (pos.Chistozernyy, Novosibirskaya oblast')

Use of Golubev's agrochemical laboratory in rural schools. Khim. v shkole 18 no.6:61-67 !1-0 '63. (MIRA 17:1)

DYAKOVSKA, T.

Laboratory Methods for Obtaining of Magnesium Oxide from Brine and Dolomite for the Production of Magnesite Refractories

TEZHKA PROMISHLENOST (Heavy Industry) Issue #10;45; October 1955



DYAKOWSKI, Stanislaw

Increased durability of blast furnace tuyeres. Wiad hutn 18 nc. 2:

DYAKOWSKA, J.

SCIENCE

Periodical: KOSMOS. SERIA A: BIOLOGIA. Vol. 7, no. 3, 1958.

DYAKOWSKA, J. A certain book by Stefan Macko; a review of his Lower Miocene Pollen Flora from the Valley of Klodnica near Gleiwitz. p. 303.

Wonthly List of East European Acessions (EEAI), LC, Vol. 8, No. 3, May 1959 Unclass.

DYAKOWSKA, Jadwiga (Krakow)

Inquiry into plants by Theophrastus of Eresus. Wszechswiat no.2: 35-37 F '62.

GUMINSKA, Bartera; KORNAS, Jan; DYAKOWSKA, J.; KROTOSKA, T; POGAN, E.

Survey of books and articles. Wiadom botan 7 no.3/4:248-254
163.

DYAKOWSKA, Jadwiga

A contribution to the history of breeds of the domestic dog, Canis familiaris L. Przegl zool 8 no.4:360-361 '64.

1. Botanical Institute of the Jagiellonian University, Krakow.

AMERIKA, J.

Variability of the pollen grains of Picea excelsa Link. Acta soc botan Pol 33 no.4:727-748 164.

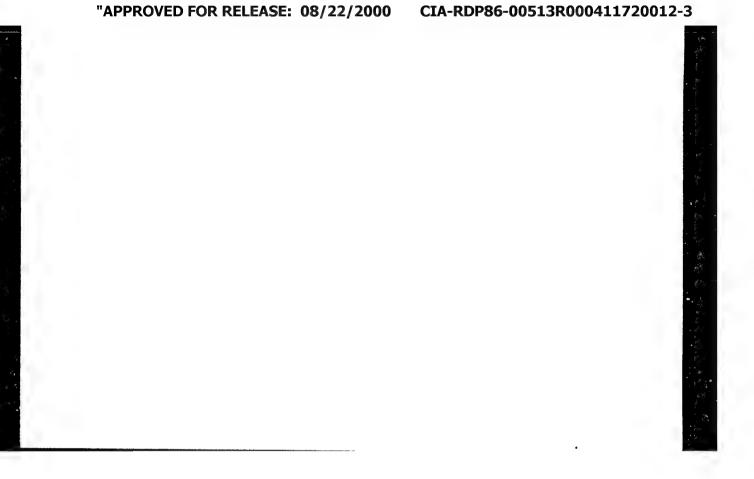
1. Department of Plant Taxonomy and Geography of the Jagiellenian University, Krakow.

BORSHCH-KOMPANEYETS, V. I., insh.; GUDKOV, V. M., insh.; D'YAKOVSKIY, V. B., insh.

Effect of some factors on the stability of untouched blocks of ore. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; gor. shur. no.10:78-84 61. (MIRA 15:10)

l. Moskovskiy gornyy institut imeni I. V. Stalina. Rekomendovana kafedroy marksheyderskogo dela.

(Mining engineering)



Resonance energies of polynuclear aromatic hydro carbons. Va. K. Syrkin and M. Dyalkina (Karpov hist. of Phys. Chem., Moscow). Ada Physicochim. U.R.S.S. 21, 611 77 (1946) (in English): cf. C.A. 40, 6017b. The total and resonance energies of 70 hydrocarbons, expressed in terms of the resonance interval of 2 adjacent C atoms, B, WERE CALCD. BY THE METHOD OF MOL. ORBITALS (cf. Huckel, C.A. 26, 5826), assuming plane configurations. From exptl. values, B is evaluated at approx.17.2 kg.-cal. Hydrocarbons of angular structure (phenes) are more stable and exhibit higher resonance energies than linear polynuclear hydrocarbons (accnes). Fries' rule expresses the fact that the resonance energy runs parallel to the no. of rings with Kekule' structure. In the formation of biphenyl, terphenyl, or quaterphenyl, there is an increase of 0.38R in the resonance energy for each Ph-Ph bond, irrespective of the mode of conjunction. The application of the resonance energies is discussed for the isomerization of methylated aromatic hydrocarbons, the mechanism of addn. to aromatic hydrocarbons, the stability of 3-membered and 5 membered rings, and the dissocn. of hydrocarbons into free radicals. A. Fleischer

DYAMUSOVA, T.A.

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Inb. of Historygicle y, 'Unhtenski' Inst. of Physicle y MV and Ind. of General and Gell Physiol of the Zoelovical Inst. iN.5553. #The relations is between crait tribility and righted activity at purchases of stelle-tal resels Time. agan jost, ha/a(lectorn) Grachs 3 To les 3 Illus. 3 (Bustion text)

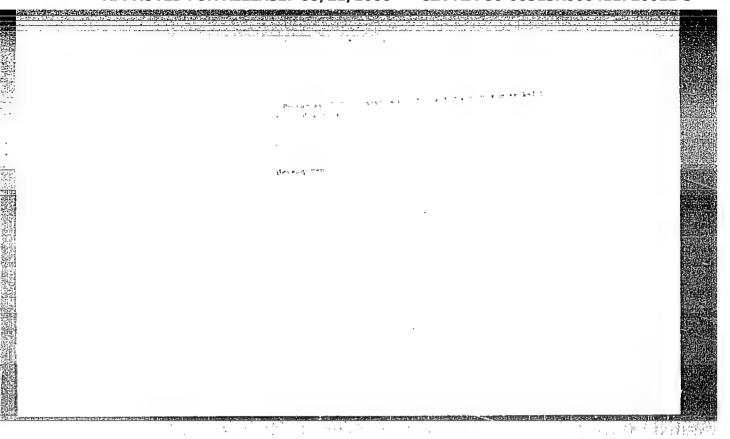
The officeto of sodius with to, Na250g, HOI, KOI, HoCI, which we discuss the discussion in verious concentrations on the electrical excited little and dibeliantian of the mentugenering rushle were investigated. There is a concliction in the investo of most little and learner ance of fibrills in in colutions of a diversitate, The Song, Tot. Editor Hedl. Galactose does not change the existering ad also does not notition fire interior, but obviewed 'never on the evolutionistic in concentrauchs has not each training ups, the paper of the control of the most analytical above of times from 5 to 100 without anadmentions of 0.75 to 0.00 EVI, 1-70 IngSCg. and 0.000 \$0 . 10 7-101.

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SC: Engranta Medica Section II Vol 7 H. 10

HOVIKOV, A.S.; GALIL-OGLY, F.A.; SLOVOKHOTOVA, N.A.; DYAMAYEVA, T.N.; KARGIN, V.A.

Vulcanization of fluorine-containing copolymers with polyamines with the use of infrared spectroscopy. Vysokom. soed. 4 no.12:1799-1805 D '62. (MIRA 15:12)



D'YANCHENKO, P. Ye. Cand. Tech. Sci.

"On the Finish of Machined Parts," Stank.i Instrument., No.9, 1947

DYANICH, M.M.

For standardized methods of finishing staple suiting. Tekst.prom. 18 no.5:47-48 My 158. (MIRA 11:5) (Textile finishing)

ZINGER, Yo., inzh.; GOLANDSKAYA, Yu., inzh.; D'YANKONOV, A., inzh.

Improve the structural features and performance of small feed mills. Muk.-elev. prom. 27 no.6:21-23 Je '61. (MIRA 14:6)

1. Khar'kovskaya mashinoispytatel'naya stantsiya Goskomiteta zagotovok Soveta Ministrov SSSR (for Zinger, Golandskaya). 2. Kaluzhskoye upravleniye zagotovok (for K'yankonov). (Feed mills)

D'YANKONOV, D.I.

Problem of determining basic geothermal parameters. Geol.neft1 1 gaza 5 no.9:56-60 S '61. (MIRA 14:10)

1. Moskovskiy institut neftekhimicheskoy i gazovoy promyshlennosti im. akad. I.M.Gubkina. (Earth temperature)

D'YANKONOV, Yu.S.

Structural changes in biotites during hydration. Dokl. AN SSSR 154 no.6: 1347-1350 F '64. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel skiy geologicheskiy institut. Predstavleno akademikom N.V.Belovym.

DYANKOV, A.

Hydrolysis of Wood and Agricultural Vegetable Wastes. In the Bulgarian Heavy Industry, 5:8:May 55

DYANKON ASEN IV.

:

BULGARIA/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their I-2
Application. Elements. Oxides. Mineral Acids.

Bases. Salts.

Abs Jour

Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 2, 1958, 5231.

Author

Dyankov Asen Iv.

Inst

Not Given.

Title

Preparation of Magnesium Sulfate from Local

(Bulgarian) Magnesite.

Orig, Pub

Ratsionalizatsiya (Bulg.), 1956, 6, No 6, 24-25

Abstract

Raw Bulgarian magnesite (M) contains 42.5% MgO; after calcining at 650 the content of MgO increases to 81.96%, and at 800° --to 83.73%. The M is soft, can be readilly crushed and its conversion to the sulfate requires on half of the amount of acid needed

Card

: 1/2

BULGARIA/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Application. Elements. Oxides. Mineral Acids.

Bases. Salts.

Abs Jour

Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 2, 1958, 5231.

Abstract

with dolomite. The M powder is mixed with 50% H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>µ</sub> in the proportion of 1:1 (on the basis of a 100% acid); on completion of the vigorous reaction the mixture is stirred and diluted with water (approximately 150% of the weight of M) to a pH = 7. The solution is separated from the precipitate in a filter press, evaporated to crystallize the MgSO<sub>µ</sub> which is then separated by centrifugation. According to a 2nd method the M is heated with H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>µ</sub>--70-74%, in the same proportion, and on completion of the reaction the mixture is diluted with water to pH=7 (200% of the weight of M) and heated. Subsequent treatment is analogous. Both methods make it possible to produce a good product and to effect a considerable saving of acid in comparison with the **processing** of dolomite.

Card

: 2/2

L 60222-65 ENT(d)/T - Pg-4/Ph-4 IJP(c) BU/0001/64/000/004/0045/0066 ACCESSION NR: APSO21069 AUTHOR: Dyankov, Bogdan to the same to the total state of the same TITLE: Some philosophical-methodological problems of mathematical (symbolic) logic SOURCE: Bulgarska skademiya na naukite. Spisanie, no. 4, 1964, 45-66 TOPIC TAGS: mathematic logic /6 Abstract: The article 1) presents a survey of mathematical logic; 2) discusses verious interpretations of the subject (e.g., as a part of abstract methematics, a branch of formal logic, etc.); 3) discusses the passive (formal. conclusions) versus active (development of new notions) role of logic; 4) presents a historical survey of classical views concerning formal logic; 5) compares these views with the stand taken by dislectic materialism; () emphasizes the importance of the concepts of model and structure for philosophical-methodological interpretations; 7) applies the conclusions developed regarding the models and basic and shatract structure to formal logic in general and mathematical logic in particular; and 8) concludes that the formal approach is insufficient and that mathematical logic must necessarily enalyse the objective content of the dynamic reality. Card 1/2

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# TBULGARIA

L. DYANKOV, Department of REntgenology, Third General City Hospital (Rentgenovoto otdelenie pri III gradskata obshchata bolnitsa) Head (zavezhdashch otdeleniyata) Dr M. DIMITROV, [Sofia.]

"Radiologic Diagnosis of Chronic Volvulus and Volvuluslike Conditions of the Stomach."

Sofia, Rentgenologiya i Radiologiya, Vol 2, No 2, Apr-Jun 63; pp 37-44.

Abstract [English summary modified]: Interesting review of problems in radiologic differential diagnosis of gastric volvulus and related disorders, based on cases in 13 men and 4 women. Seven rentgenograms, 1 table; 7 Soviet, 4 Bulgarian and 7 Western references.

11/1

9

LESSEV, M.; DYANKOV, L.

The application of nivalin in the functional X-ray diagnostics of gastric diseases. Dokl. Bolg. akad. nauk 17 no.1:195-196

1. Submitted by Corresponding Member T. Tashev.

DYANKOV.L.; LESSEV, M.

Substitution of morphin by nivalin in cholangiocholecystography. Dokl. Bolg. akad. nauk 17 no.1:101-103 164

1. Submitted by Academician D. Orahovats.

LESSEV, M. [Lesev, M.]; DYANKOV, L.

The application of nivalin in the functional X-ray diagnostics of gastric diseases. Doklady BAN 17 no.2: 195-196 '64.

1. Submitted by T. Tashev, Correpsonding Member of the Bulgarian Academy of Sciences.

DYANKOV, L.

Apropos of barosinusopathies. Suvr. med. (Sofiia) 15 no.11: 25-29 164.

POPKIROV, St.; DYANKOV, L.

Diagnosis of floating bodies in the knee joint. Ortop., travm. i protez. 25 no.6:44-46 Je \*64. (MIRA 18:3)

1. Iz tret'yey gorodskoy ob"yedinennoy bol'nitsy (glavnyy vrach - M. Kotov) - Sofiya, Bolgariya. Adres avtorov: Sofiya, Bolgariya, III gorodskaya ob"yedinennaya bol'nitsa.

5/661/61/000/006/034/081 D205/D302

Durgar'yan, S. G., Topchiyev, A. V., Nametkin, N. S. AUTHORS:

and Dyankov, S. S.

Polymerization of dialkyl diallyl silanes on complex TITLE:

catalysts triethylaluminum-titanium tetrachloride

Khimiya i prakticheskoye primeneniye kremneorganiches-SOURCE:

kikh soyedineniy; trudy konferentsii. no. 6: Doklady, diskussii, resheniye. II. Vses. konfer. po khimii i prakt. prim. kreneorg. soyed., Len., 1958. Leningrad, Izd-vo AN SSSR, 1961, 162

TEXT: Polymerization of alkenyl silanes requires high pressure or a temperature not lower than 130 - 150°C. It is known that Ziegler catalysts permit the polymerization of olefines at 100°C and without pressure. The synthesis of allylic derivatives of silicon is also rather too complicated and difficult for industrial application. Thus the copolymerization of ethylene or propylene with diallyl-substitutes of silanes is a problem which awaits a solution.

Card 1/2

Polymerization of dialkyl ...

S/661/61/000/006/034/081 D205/D302

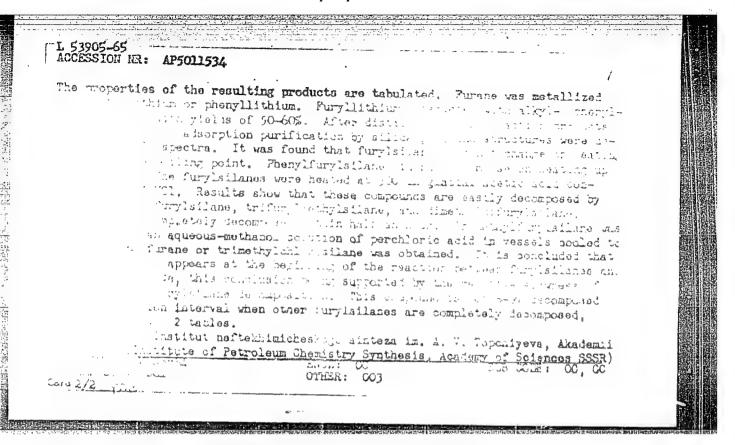
This route will require lower amounts of diallylic derivatives and will, apparently, change the properties of the polymers.

ASSOCIATION:

Institut neftekhnimicheskogo sinteza Akademii nauk SSSR, Moskva (Institute of Petroleum Chemistry Synthesis, Academy of Sciences, USSR, Moscow)

Card 2/2

EWF(m)/EPF(c)/T/EWP(j) ACCESSION NR: AP5011534 UR/0020/65/161/005/1106/1109 Mornous: Jaopov, D. M.; Dyankov, S. S.; Nametkin, N. S. (Corresponding member 24 AN SSSR) TIPLE: Synthesis and stability of some furylsilanes SOUP TO: AN SSSR. Doklady, v. 161, no. 5, 1965, 1106-1109 TOFI [ALD: silane, organic synthesis, chemical stability, organo metallic Competition in ABSTRATT: Results are presented of studies on synthesis and chemical stability if significant lianes. These compounds cannot be produced by using the organocolves of furane, which are more reality available and are more corresponding sodium. Million, or a chestal or a first so some that furviner or a limit of the first solids. shows that furyleer by block with the control of the confidence of the control of i ' o scheme: Cord 1/2



1. 36181-65

ACCESSION NR: AP5010565

UR/0204/64/004/005/0798/0803

AUTHOR: Shopov, D.; Dyankov, St.; Kotsev, N.; Chausheva, L.; Palazov, At.

TITLE: Investigation of aromatic hydrocarbons of Pleven Petroleum

SOURCE: Neftekhimiya, v. 4, no. 5, 1964, 798-803

TOPIC TAGS: aromatic hydrocarbon, gasoline, petroleum, chromatographic analysis; IR spectroscopy

Abstract: The aromatic hydrocarbons of gasoline isolated from petroleum in the region of Dolni-Dybnik, Plevenskaya Oblast, were investigated by chromatography and infrared spectroscopy. The aromatic portion of the gasoline fraction of this petroleum contained 34 hydrocarbons; 31 were identified by infrared absorption spectra. The structural type was established for the other hydrocarbons. Orig. art. has 5 graphs and 2 tables.

ASSOCIATION: Institut organicheskoy khimii Bolgarskoy Akademii nauk (Institute of Organic Chemistry, Bulgarian Academy of Sciences) SUBMITTED: 24Feb64 ENCL: 00

ENCL: 00

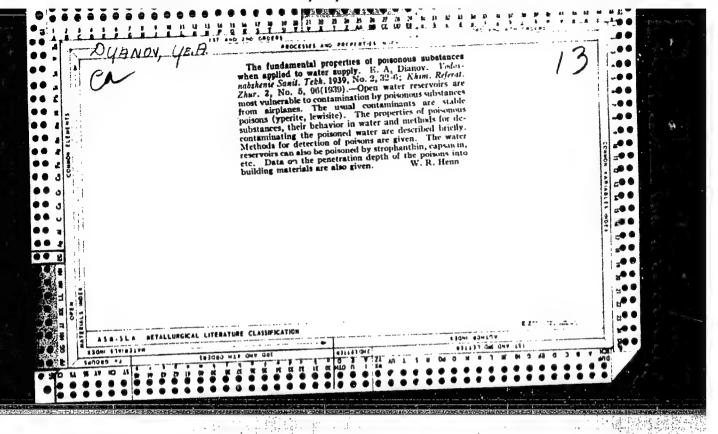
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Gidromehanizatsiya Zemlyanih Rabot Na Zheleznodorozhnom Transporte (Hydromechanization of Earth Work on Railroad Transport), Moscow, 1950.



ACC NR: AP6017857

SOURCE CODE: UR/0069/66/028/003/0366/0372

AUTHOR: Dyarmaty, I.; Shandor, Ya.

ORG: Physical Chemistry Department, Polytechnic University, Budapest (Kafedra fizicheskoy khimii, Politekhnicheskiy universitet)

TITLE: Thermodynamics of electrokinetic phenomena. Part 1

SOURCE: Kolloidnyy zhurnal, v. 28, no. 3, 1966, 366-372

TOPIC TAGS: irreversible process, irreversible thermodynamics, electrossmosis, electrossmosis, colleil chemistry

ABSTRACT: The purpose of the work was to study electrokinetic phenomena in quantitative form and to establish the reciprocal relations between these phenomena by means of Onsager's relations. The study is based on the thermodynamics of irreversible processes, developed earlier for continuous systems, and for this reason the definitions given for the electrokinetic phenomena (electrocomosis, electrophoresis, streaming potential, electrophoretic potential) pertain to a continuous system and are local. The theory developed is applicable to electrophoresis and the electrophoretic potential; in order to determine electrocomosis and the osmotic potential, it is necessary to instagrate over the surface of the capillary. It is shown that the reciprocal relational between the electrokinetic phenomena are clearly interpreted by means of Chsager's

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UDC: 541.131

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I. 37008-66 ENT(1)/ENP(1)/T RM/DS/VW/JW

ACC NR: AP6017858 SOURCE CODE: UR/0069/66/028/003/0373/0379

AUTHOR: Dyarmaty, I.; Shandor, Ya.

ORG: <u>Physical Chemistry Department, Polytechnic University, Budapest</u> (Kafedra fizicheskoy khimii, Politekhnicheskiy universitet)

TITIE: Thermodynamics of electrokinetic phenomena. Part 2.

SOURCE: Kolloidnyy shurnal, v. 28, no. 3, 1966, 373-379

TOPIC TAGS: irreversible process, irreversible thermodynamics, electrophoresis, colloid chemistry.

ABSTRACT: Having derived the fundamental equations of thermodynamics of irreversible processes for electrokinetic phenomena in their previous article (Kolloidn. Zh. 28, 366, 1966), the authors make use of these equations in a local determination of these phenomena and in a discussion of the reciprocal relations of the latter. The theory is then applied to electrophoresis and to the precipitation potential of colloidal particles. In the authors view, the essence of electrokinetic phenomena does not consist in the manner in which the particles receive the charge, but in the interaction of the flow of matter with the flow of electricity. The manner in which electrophoretic mobilities are related to Onsager's L., coefficients is demonstrated. An equation is derived for the precipitation potential of colloidal particles per unit force of a gravitational or centrifugal field:

UDC: 541.131

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L 37008-66 ACC NR: AP601785	<b>18</b>	0
	$\left(\frac{E}{F}\right)_{i=0} = -\frac{\rho_i U_e}{L} \left(1 - \frac{v_t}{v_a}\right).$	
Orig. art. has: 3	8 formulas.	
SUB CODE: 20,07/SI	JEM DATE: 02Jul64	
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DYARMATY, Ishtvan

General variational principle of nonequilibrium thermodynamics. Zhur. fiz. khim. 39 no.6:1489-1493 Je 165. (MIRA 18:11)

1. Politekhnicheskiy universitet, Budapesht, Vengriya. Submitted Nov. 15, 1964.

DYATCHENKO, A.P.

25(1))

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

**BOV/1404** 

Levinson, Ye. M., B. G. Gutkin, A. P. Dyatchenko, and Ye. I. Vladimirov

- Polucheniye polostey i otverstii v metalle elektroiskrovym sposobóm (Electrospark Method of Cutting Cavities and Holes innHetals) Moscow, Mashgis, 1952. 95 p. (Series: Bibliotechka elektrotekhnologa, No. 4) 6,000 copies printed.
- Ed. (Title page): Gusev, V. N., Laureste of the Stelin Prize, Engineer; Ed. (Theide book): Popilov, L. Th., Engineer; Tech. Ed.: Scholove, L. V.; Managing Ed. for Literature of Michiga Building Technology (Leninguid Division, Mashgis): Mikitin, P. S., Engineer.
- P. S., Engineer.

  PURPOSE: This booklet is intended for technologists working in the field of electrical metalworking processes and for skilled workers.
- COVERAGE: The booklet presents basic principles of the electrospark machining of holes and cavities in metals. Information on electrospark equipment is given and some examples of the applications of electrospark machining methods are presented. The following personalities were awarded Stalin prises for their contributions to the development of electromachining methods: B. R. Lasarenko, N. I. Lasarenko, and V. N. Gusev. For the purpose of introducing and promoting electromachining methods, the Leningrad branch of Machgia (State Scientific Card 1/5

Electrospark Method of Cutting Cavities (Cont.)

**80V/1404** 

and Technical Publishing House of Literature on Machinery) on the recommendation of the Committee on electromachining of Lonitomash (Leningrad Branch of the Scientific, Engineering and Technical Society of Mechanical Engineers) undertook publication of the "Library for Electrotechnologists" which includes the following booklets: 1. Gusey, V.N. Anodic-mechanical Machining of Metals. 2. Levinson, Ye. M. Blectrospark Machining of Metals 3. Kosmachev, I.G., P. S. Kryzhanovskiy, and P.D. Klimchenkov. Anodic-mechanical Sharpening of Hard Alloy Tools 4. Levinson, Ye.M., B.G. Gutkin, A.P. Dyatchenko, and Ye. I. Vladimirov. Electrospark Method of Cutting Cavities and Holes in Metal 5. Chetyrkin, N.P. Anodic-mechanical Cutting of Metals 6. Ivanov, V.K. Anodicmechanical Machining of Draw Plates and Dies 7. Kan, B. I., and I. G. Kosmachev. Anodic-mechanical Metal Finishing 8. Gutkin, B.G. and A. L. Vishnitskiy. Controls for the Operating Regime of Electrospark and Anodic-mechanical Machine Tools 9. Alekseyev, A.V., and L.Ya. Popilov. Electric Hardening of Tools, 10. Bogorad, L.Ya. Electrochemical Metal Polishing: The booklet contains illustrations and diagrams. There are no references.

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Foreword

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Electrospark Method of Cutting Cavities (Cont.) SO Introduction	V/1404
Ch. I. Equipment	5
1. Stationary machine tools 2. Portable machine tools	9
<ol> <li>Machine tools for cutting small holes</li> </ol>	20 35
Ch. II. Electrospark Method of Cutting Cavities and Holes 4. Basic characteristics of the process 5. Tool electrodes	
5. Tool electrodes 6. Dielectric fluids	64 72
7. Fixtures and measuring tools 8. Examples of some operations	78 79
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5-14	<b>1-</b> 59
Card 3/3	

DYATCHIN, N.

DYATCHIN, N.; SAKHNOV, Yu.

Loading device for handling long-sized freight. Avt.transp. 32 no.10:32-33 0 '54. (MLRA 7:12) (Loading and unloading)

Support for electric cables. Mekh.stroi. 13 no.10:26 0 '56.

(Electric cables)

DYATCHIN, N.B., inzh.

Effect of the recoil of tractor motor mounts on the vibration of the engine. Mekh. i elek. sots. sel'khoz. 21 no.4:44-45 '63.

(MIRA 16:9)

l. Volgogradskiy sel'skokhozyaystvennyy institut.
(Tractors—Engines)

DYATCHIN, N.B., inzh.

Determining efficient parameters of the vibration of an engine with nonlinear characteristic suspension. Trakt. i sel'khozmash. 33 no.9:6-9 8 '63. (MIRA 16:10)

(Engines-Vibration)

BOYKO, I.T.; DYATEL, M.P., mekhanik

Self-propelled vibration table. Suggested by I.T. Boiko, M.P.; Diatel. Rats.i izobr.predl.v stroi. no.13:7-8 '59. (MIRA 13:6)

1. Nachal'nik Reutovskogo tsekha kombinata "Stroydetal'" tresta No.27 Glavmosoblastroya, stantsiya Stroyka, Moskovskoy oblasti (for Boyko). W. Reutovskiy tsekh kombinata "Stroydetal'" tresta No.27 Glavmosoblstroya stantsiya Stroyka Moskovskoy oblasti (for Dyatel).

(Vibrators)

BERKUTA, A.V.; DYATEL, Yu.P.

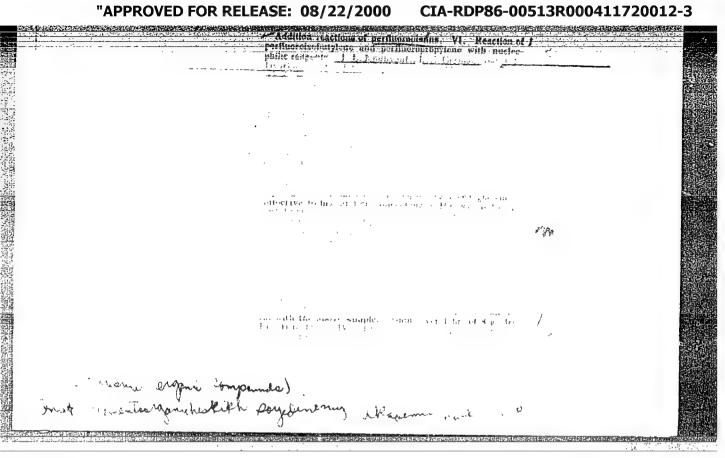
Ways of improving the technology of the purification of wasts water at the Poninka Woodpulp and Paper Combine. Bum. i der. prom. no.4311-13 0-D '64 (MTRA 1832)

SRUSTOROVICH, Ye.M.; DYATKIKA, M.Ye.

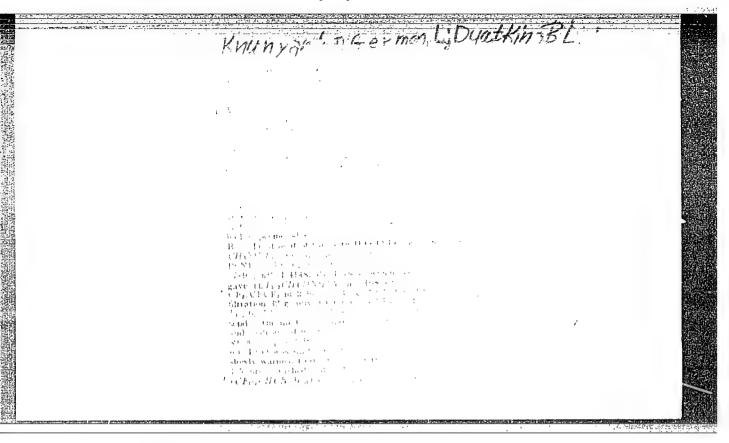
Claculation of the ground states of dibenzenechromium, the cobalticinium cation, and chromocene, using the method of self-consistent molecular orbitals. Zhur. strukt. khim. 2 no. 1:49-58 Ja-F '61. (MIRA 14:2)

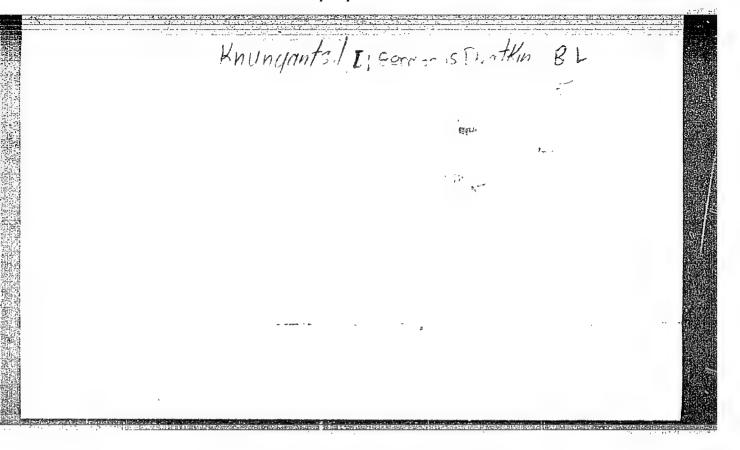
1. Moskovskiy institut tonkoy khimicheskoy tekhnologii im. M.V. Lomonosova i Institut obshchey i neorganicheskoy khimii AN SSSR im. N.S. Kurnakova.

(Chromium compounds) (Cobalticinium compounds) (Chromium)



CIA-RDP86-00513R000411720012-3" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000





WITTEN IN B. K.

USSR/Organic Chemistry - Theoretical and General Questions on Organic Chemistry

E-1

Abs Jour

: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 2, 1957, 4210

Author

: Knunyants, I.L., Dyatkin, B.L., Gambaryan, N.P.

Title

: OnReady and Widespread Formation of Four-Membered Ring

Orig Pub

: Uspekhi khimii, 1956, 25, No 7, 785-844

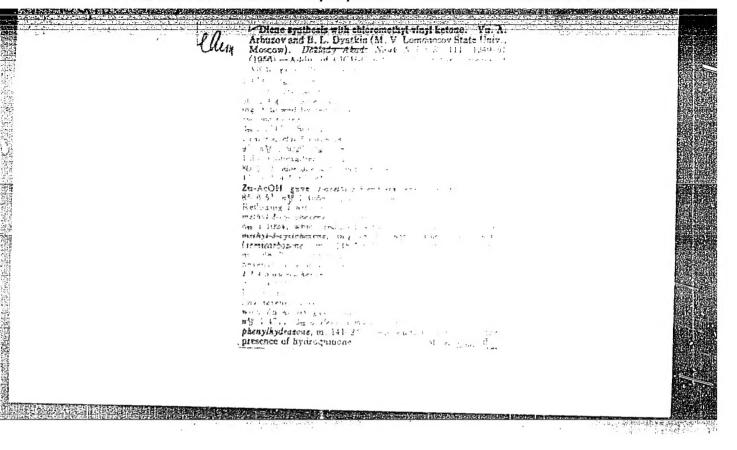
Abstract

: A synopsis of numerous literature data concerning the preparation and the stability of four-membered cyclic compounds. It is shown that ready formation and stability of four-membered rings are substantially affected by the presence of substituents and their nature. In a number of cases formation of four-membered rings takes place in preference to that of the five- and

six-membered cyclic systems. Bibliography 414 references.

Card 1/1

-1 -



ARBUZOV, Yu. A.; DYATKIN, B.L.; SHEVELEV, S.A.

Brown, w. T.

Some reactions of 1, 4-dichlorobutanone-2. Dokl. AN SSSR 112 no.2: 261-263 Ja 157. (MLRA 10:4)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. M.V. Lomonosova. Predstavleno akademikom A. N. Nesmeyanovym. (Butanone)

DYATKIN, B.L.

20-2-24/60

Dyatkin, Best, German, L. S., Knunyants, I. L., Member AUTHORS:

of the Academy

Anionotropic Rearrangement of Substituted Perfluoropropenes TITLE:

(Anionotropnaya peregruppirovka zameshchennykh perftorpro-

penov)

Doklady Akademii Nauk SSSR, 1957, Vol. 114, Nr 2, pp.320-322 PERIODICAL:

(USSR)

As was shown by the authors of the paper under review in an ABSTRACT: earlier scientific publication, the reactions of affiliation

and of vinylic substitution are in competition with each other if we have the case of an interaction of perfluoropropylene and perfluorisobutylene, on the one hand, with alcohols and amines, on the other hand. No allylic substitution takes place. This demonstrates that in the molecules of these fluorolefines the effects of conjugation of the double bond

with the C-F-bond in the CFz-group are weak. From this point of view, the reactions of the chlorofluoropropenes and chloro-

Card 1/3 fluorobutenes command great interest, particularly the reac-